## CLAIMS

- 1. A computer implemented method of analyzing an acoustical signal, comprising:
- inputting the acoustical signal;

extracting a set of intrinsic mode functions from the acoustical signal; and

storing said set of intrinsic mode functions of the acoustical signal.

2. The computer implemented method according to claim 1, further comprising:

identifying a specific acoustical signal.

- 3. The computer implemented method according to claim 2, wherein said specific acoustical signal is identified in said set of intrinsic mode functions.
- 4. The computer implemented according to claim 2, wherein said specific acoustical signal is noise.
- 5. The computer implemented method according to claim 2, further comprising:

removing said specific acoustical signal from said set of intrinsic mode functions; and reconstructing the acoustical signal.

- 6. The computer implemented method according to claim 5, wherein reconstructing the acoustical signal includes summing up said set of intrinsic mode function.
- 7. A computer implemented method of analyzing an acoustical signal, comprising:

inputting the acoustical signal;

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extracting a set of intrinsic mode functions from the acoustical signal;

storing said set of intrinsic mode functions of the acoustical signal; and

- transforming said set of intrinsic mode functions with a Hilbert transform to generate a Hilbert spectrum.
  - 8. The computer implemented method 1 according to claim 7, further comprising:
- identifying a specific acoustical signal in the Hilbert spectrum.
  - 9. The computer implemented method according to claim 8, wherein said specific acoustical signal is noise.
  - 10. The computer implemented method according to claim 8, further comprising:

storing the Hilbert spectrum.

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11. The computer implemented method according to claim 8, further comprising:

removing said specific acoustical signal from said set of intrinsic mode functions; and

reconstructing the acoustical signal.

- 12. The computer implemented method according to claim 11, wherein reconstructing the acoustical signal includes summing up said set of intrinsic mode function.
- 13. A computer implemented method of analyzing an acoustical signal, comprising:

inputting a first acoustical signal;

extracting a first set of intrinsic mode functions from the first acoustical signal;

transforming said first set of intrinsic mode functions with a Hilbert transform to generate a first Hilbert spectrum; and

storing said first Hilbert spectrum.

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- 14. The computer implemented method according to claim 13, wherein the first acoustical signal is generated from a first human voice source.
- 10 15. A computer implemented method according to claim 13, comprising:

inputting a second acoustical signal;

extracting a second set of intrinsic mode functions from the second acoustical signal;

transforming said second set of intrinsic mode functions with a Hilbert transform to generate a seconfd Hilbert spectrum;

storing said second Hilbert spectrum of the second acoustical signal; and

comparing said first and second Hilbert spectra.

16. The computer implemented method according to claim 15, wherein the second acoustical signal is generated from a second human voice source.

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17. The computer implemented method according to claim 15, wherein the step of comparing said first and second Hilbert spectra includes obtaining a correlation coefficient between said Hilbert spectra.

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18. The computer implemented method according to claim 13, further comprising:

providing a second Hilbert spectrum; and comparing said first and second Hilbert spectra.

- 19. The computer implemented method according to claim 18, wherein the step of providing the Hilbert spectrum of the specific acoustical signal includes retrieving said second Hilbert spectrum from a database.
- 20. The computer implemented method to claim 18, wherein the step of comparing said first and second Hilbert spectra includes obtaining a correlation coefficient between said Hilbert spectra.